Grade 4 Mathematics

Week of Sept 28- Oct 2

Curricular Area: Numeracy

Lesson Materials

- Lessons for Section <u>1.1 Place Value</u>
- 1.1 Place Values Learning Guide (This PDF)

Use the link above to open the lessons for Section 1.1 Place Value. On the lesson page, use the arrow next to the "Table of Contents" at the **top of the page** to move through the lessons. You can also click on the Table of Contents to open the menu so you can jump to a specific lesson page.

G4T > Modul	es > Mathematics > 1.1 Pl	ace Value			
Home	WCLN.ca Introdu	uction to Numbers			Table of Contents 🝷 😔
	Numbers are all aroun measure or label.	d us. They serve very different purpo	oses depending on how they are used	d. A number is a mathema	atical object used to count,
		Count	Measure	Label	
		_	centimeter decimeter	- Charles	2 C

Work through the online lessons for Section 1.1 Place Value. You can work at your own pace or follow the suggested schedule below. Complete the activities in your Learning Guide as you work through the lessons. You can print the Learning Guide, or, copy out the questions on a separate piece of paper. Be sure to try the games and practice quizzes as you make your way through the online lesson book.

Monday	Wednesday
 Introduction to Numbers 	Comparing Numbers
Hockey Puzzle #1	Comparing Numbers Games
Check for Understanding	Hockey Puzzle #2
 Matching #1 	Thursday
	Expanded Form
Tuesday	Your Turn!
Representing Numbers	Find the Match
 Reading & Writing 3-Digit Number Words 	Practice Quiz
(Review)	Friday
 Reading & Writing Number Words – Larger 	 Rounding/Nearest Ten
Numbers	 Rounding -1
 Writing Numbers – "The Rules" 	 Rounding/Nearest Hundred
	 Rounding -2
	 Rounding/Nearest Thousand
	 Rounding -3

Suggested Lesson Schedule

Name:



UNIT 1 LEARNING GUIDE – NUMERACY

INSTRUCTIONS:

Using a pencil complete the following questions as you work through the related lessons. Show ALL of your work as is explained in the lessons. Do your best and always ask questions if there is anything that you don't understand.

1.1 PLACE VALUE

1. Use the place value chart to correctly show each number. The first one is done for you.

	Ten Thousands	Thousands	Hundreds	Tens	Ones
93 461	9	3	4	6	1
a. 3678					
b. 13 872					
c. 49					
d. 20 050					

2. The population of Chilliwack BC in 2020 was 83 792.

Example: What is the value of the 9 in this number? 90

- a. What is the value of the 2 in this number? _____
- b. What is the value of the 3 in this number?_____
- c. What is the value of the 7 in this number?_____
- d. What is the value of the 8 in this number? _____







These two are trickier. Each one will need a 0 to hold one of the places:



- 4. Practice drawing base tens blocks:
 - a. Ones Can be a "dot" (make sure it is visible) or a small square. Draw 5 ones:



b. Tens – Can be a stick or a tall narrow rectangle. Draw 5 tens:



c. Hundreds – A medium sized square. Each side is about the same length as your tens stick or rectangle. Draw 5 hundreds:







d. Thousands – Try drawing a few thousands cubes following the steps below.

Draw a square.	
Draw a second square:	
Connect matching corners:	

5. Represent the given numbers with drawings of base ten blocks.

	Number	Thousands	Hundreds	Tens	Ones
a)	2345				
b)	1268				
c)	3127				



6. Mount Robson is the highest mountain in the Canadian Rockies. It is 3954 metres high. Draw base ten blocks to represent this number.

7. The Fraser River is 1375 km long. Draw base ten blocks to represent this number.

8. Write number words for the following. There is no hyphen between the hundreds and the tens only between the tens and the ones. The most common mistake is using the word "and":

Example: 237	two hundred thirty-seven	
a) 719		
b) 121		
c) 572		
d) 403		
e) 990		
-		-



9. Write the numbers provided in words.



10. Complete the number words:

4621: four thousand	hundred	one	
9876: nine	eight		_seventy
2475:			
8702:			
9003:			









11 Circle the correct way to write the number:

a) 3438 OR 3 438

b) 58679 OR 58 679

c) sixty three OR sixty-three



12. Write the number words. Remember to use proper spacing (no commas) do not use the word "and" and use hyphens in between the tens and ones (after 20).

Example: 80 942: eighty thousand nine hundred forty-two

a. 634	
b. 872	
c. 4596	
d. 23 232	
e. 6065	
f. 52 003	

13. Read each written number carefully. Match the written number to its correct number form. Write the correct letter on the line next to the number.

91 114	a. four thousand eight hundred ninety-seven
31 643	b. seventeen thousand two hundred seventy-seven
4 897	c. thirty-one thousand five hundred fifty-four
67 394	d. nine thousand four hundred seventy-six
9476	e. four thousand eight hundred fifty-seven
3 577	f. ninety-one thousand one hundred fourteen
31 554	g. three thousand five hundred seventy-seven
6336	h. sixty-seven thousand three hundred ninety-four
4857	i. thirty-one thousand six hundred forty-three
17 277	j. six thousand three hundred thirty-six



Remember the rule is: Always compare numbers using the largest place value that is different.

14. Circle the pair of digits that are different in each pair of numbers.

Then write the greater number in the box.

a)	2 4 7 5 2 4 6 5 2 4 7 5	b)	1470 1270	c)	3752 3757	d)	3657 3757	e)	5469 6469
f)	5183 5197	g)	7343 7843	h)	5 7 5 2 6 0 5 7	i)	3 9 5 2 3 7 5 7	j)	5 4 3 2 5 4 3 1

15. Read the numbers from left to right. Underline the first pair of digits that you find that are different. Then write the > (greater than) < (less than) or = (equal to) between the numbers to make a true statement. The first one is done for you.

a) 23 <u>4</u> 2 <i><</i>	23 <u>5</u> 1	b) 6201	6275	c) 7427	7202
d) 8851	8923	e) 6642	6640	f) 8234	7723
g) 5401	5402	h) 7728	8254	i) 1113	1113

16. Circle the greatest number in each pair.

- a) fifty-two or 53 b) two hundred eighty-eight or 291
- c) three thousand seven hundred twenty-five or 4030
- d) six thousand three hundred seventy-five or 6309
- 17. What digits can you put in the box to make the statement true?



8. Fill in the blanks with digits that will make the number statements true.



19. Rearrange the digits to develop the largest number possible. You can only use each number once. The first one is done for you.

example: Digits: 16248	
Largest Number: <mark>86 421</mark>	Smallest Number: 12 468
a) Digits: 27948	
Largest Number:	Smallest Number:
b) Digits: 25749	
Largest Number:	Smallest Number:
c) Digits: 13874	
Largest Number:	Smallest Number:

20. Use a number line. Make a dot for each number. 3143 2423 and 3413.

2000	2100	2200	2300	2400	2500	2600	2700	2800	2900	3000	3100	3200	3300	3400	3500
Orde	r the i	numbe	ers fro	m leas	t to gr	eatest									

21. Write 3 different numbers using all of these digits: 3 5 7 8.

Order the numbers from least to greatest:

_____ <u>____</u>

22. Peyton and Oakley collect rocks.

_____ ___

Peyton has 2325 rocks.

Oakley has 2234 rocks.

Who has more rocks?

23. Bex and Jo say that since 7 > 2 then 787 > 2121. Are they correct? Explain using words pictures or numbers.

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Math 4

24. Write each number in expanded form.

Example: 12 467 = 10 000 + 2000 + 400 + 60 + 7 a) 5253 = b) 9999 = c) 6045 = d) 7208 = e) 8460 = f) 45 678 =

25. Write the following expanded numbers in standard form. Remember to check for missing numbers. The first one is done for you. Example: 4000 + 300 + 20 + 9 = 4329

a) 5000 + 700 + 30 + 2 =

- b) 7000 + 200 + 40 =
- c) 4000 + 300 + 9 =
- d) 3000 + 60 =
- e) 2000 + 5 =
- f) 6000 + 80 + 3 =



Be careful with these

- g) 7 + 200 + 40 + 3000 =
- h) 300 + 5000 + 8 =
- i) 20 + 900 + 5 + 10 000 =

26. Mount Robson is the highest mountain in the Canadian Rockies. It is 3954 metres high. Use expanded form to show this number.

27. The Fraser River is 1375 km long. Use expanded form to show this number.

28. Mt. Everest is the world's highest mountain at 8850 m high.

a. Draw Base Ten Blocks to show this number:

b. Write this number in words.

c. Use expanded form to show this number.



29. Circle the multiples of ten. (These are numbers you say when counting by tens.)

0	2	8	30	60	77	80	97	99	100	106	120	350
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30. Draw an arrow to the nearest multiple of 10 (0 10 20 30) to show which you would round to. Then round to the nearest ten.

EXAMPLE:



Round to: 0



Round to: _____









d)



31. Draw an arrow to show if you would round up or down to the nearest multiple of 10. Then round to the nearest ten.





32. Round to the nearest tens place. Underline the tens digit. Put your pencil on the digit to the right (the ones digit). This digit tells you whether to round up or down.



33. Draw an arrow to the multiple of 100 (0 100 200) to show which you would round to. Then round to the nearest hundred.







34. Round to the nearest hundreds place. Underline the hundreds digit. Put your pencil on the digit to the right (the tens digit). This digit tells you whether to round up or down.

a) <u>5</u> 40 rounds to <u>500</u> .	b) 780 rounds to
c) 250 rounds to	d) 370 rounds to
e) 358 rounds to	f) 138 rounds to
g) 821 rounds to	h) 463 rounds to
i) 1 <u>4</u> 56 rounds to <u>1500</u> .	j) 4389 rounds to
k) 2229 rounds to	l) 1905 rounds to
m) 7355 rounds to	n) 6089 rounds to
o) 5924 rounds to	p) 9765 rounds to

35. Draw an arrow to the multiple of 1000 (0 1000 2000 ...) to show which you would round to. Then round to the nearest thousand.



Round to: _____







36. Round to the nearest thousands place. Underline the thousands digit. Put your pencil on the digit to the right (the hundreds digit). This digit tells you whether to round up or down.

a) <u>2</u> 176 rounds to _ <mark>2000</mark>	b) 9051 rounds to
c) 4228 rounds to	d) 6832 rounds to
e) 9213 rounds to	f) 3607 rounds to
g) 7344 rounds to	h) 5114 rounds to
i) 4632 rounds to	j) 4389 rounds to
k) 8541 rounds to	l) 1905 rounds to
i) 7355 rounds to	j) 6089 rounds to
k) 5924 rounds to	l) 9765 rounds to